

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **October 2, 2010**

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: **0-18706**

Black Box Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

95-3086563

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1000 Park Drive, Lawrence, Pennsylvania

(Address of principal executive offices)

15055

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **724-746-5500**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of November 5, 2010, there were 17,692,190 shares of common stock, par value \$.001 (the "common stock"), outstanding.

BLACK BOX CORPORATION
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED OCTOBER 2, 2010
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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

BLACK BOX CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

In thousands, except par value	October 2, 2010 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2010*
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,220	\$ 20,885
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$7,503 and \$9,505	156,215	141,211
Inventories, net	53,536	51,507
Costs/estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	103,350	86,086
Prepaid and other current assets	32,719	28,090
Total current assets	366,040	327,779
Property, plant and equipment, net	22,396	23,568
Goodwill	644,416	641,965
Intangibles		
Customer relationships, net	88,438	93,619
Other intangibles, net	29,403	30,374
Other assets	7,111	8,059
Total assets	\$ 1,157,804	\$ 1,125,364
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 71,397	\$ 66,934
Accrued compensation and benefits	28,371	33,260
Deferred revenue	35,207	34,876
Billings in excess of costs/estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	19,966	14,839
Income taxes	14,818	9,487
Other liabilities	36,128	41,798
Total current liabilities	205,887	201,194
Long-term debt	207,135	210,873
Other liabilities	19,047	23,303
Total liabilities	\$ 432,069	\$ 435,370
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock authorized 5,000, par value \$1.00, none issued	\$ --	\$ --
Common stock authorized 100,000, par value \$.001, 17,610 and 17,548 shares outstanding	25	25
Additional paid-in capital	457,535	451,778
Retained earnings	575,896	551,315
Accumulated other comprehensive income	15,856	9,971
Treasury stock, at cost 7,643 and 7,626 shares	(323,577)	(323,095)
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 725,735	\$ 689,994
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,157,804	\$ 1,125,364

* Derived from audited financial statements

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

BLACK BOX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)

In thousands, except per share amounts	Three (3) months ended October 2 and September 26,		Six (6) months ended October 2 and September 26,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Revenues				
Hotline products	\$ 46,415	\$ 45,511	\$ 92,464	\$ 87,793
On-Site services	226,509	186,402	444,056	379,332
Total	272,924	231,913	536,520	467,125
Cost of sales				
Hotline products	25,018	23,666	49,836	45,861
On-Site services	157,786	125,973	306,950	256,577
Total	182,804	149,639	356,786	302,438
Gross profit	90,120	82,274	179,734	164,687
Selling, general & administrative expenses	63,534	64,515	127,154	128,398
Intangibles amortization	3,058	2,150	6,160	6,195
Operating income	23,528	15,609	46,420	30,094
Interest expense (income), net	1,742	2,596	3,432	4,740
Other expenses (income), net	(66)	(85)	(65)	(227)
Income before provision for income taxes	21,852	13,098	43,053	25,581
Provision for income taxes	8,302	4,912	16,359	9,593
Net income	\$ 13,550	\$ 8,186	\$ 26,694	\$ 15,988
Earnings per common share				
Basic	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.52	\$ 0.91
Diluted	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.51	\$ 0.91
Weighted-average common shares outstanding				
Basic	17,607	17,548	17,574	17,544
Diluted	17,694	17,548	17,646	17,544
Dividends per share	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.12

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

BLACK BOX CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

In thousands	Six (6) months ended October 2 and September 26,	
	2010	2009
Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 26,694	\$ 15,988
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		
Intangibles amortization and depreciation	9,296	10,112
Loss (gain) on sale of property	(17)	25
Deferred taxes	1,244	637
Tax impact from equity awards	29	702
Stock compensation expense	5,506	3,279
Change in fair value of interest-rate swaps	(846)	177
Changes in operating assets and liabilities (net of acquisitions):		
Accounts receivable, net	(14,103)	23,064
Inventories, net	(1,757)	3,624
All other current assets excluding deferred tax asset	(21,252)	(10,715)
Liabilities exclusive of long-term debt	3,345	(16,344)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 8,139	\$ 30,549
Investing Activities		
Capital expenditures	\$ (1,885)	\$ (1,033)
Capital disposals	45	103
Acquisition of businesses (payments)/recoveries	--	--
Prior merger-related (payments)/recoveries	(1,683)	(1,305)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$ (3,523)	\$ (2,235)
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from borrowings	\$ 103,930	\$ 74,855
Repayment of borrowings	(107,887)	(101,848)
Purchase of treasury stock	(482)	--
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	280	--
Payment of dividends	(2,109)	(2,104)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	\$ (6,268)	\$ (29,097)
Foreign currency exchange impact on cash	\$ 987	\$ 848
Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (665)	\$ 65
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$ 20,885	\$ 23,720
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 20,220	\$ 23,785
Supplemental Cash Flow:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 4,346	\$ 5,067
Cash paid for income taxes	9,917	6,555
Non-cash financing activities:		
Dividends payable	1,057	1,053
Capital leases	121	4

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

BLACK BOX CORPORATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Note 1: Business and Basis of Presentation

Business

Black Box Corporation (“Black Box” or the “Company”) is a leading dedicated network infrastructure services provider. Black Box offers one-source network infrastructure services for communications systems. The Company’s services offerings include design, installation, integration, monitoring and maintenance of voice, data and integrated communications systems. The Company’s primary services offering is voice solutions (“Voice Services”); the Company also offers premise cabling and other data-related services (“Data Services”) and products. The Company provides 24/7/365 technical support for all of its solutions which encompass all major voice and data product manufacturers as well as 118,000 network infrastructure products (“Hotline products”) that it sells through its catalog and Internet Web site (such catalog and Internet Web site business, together with technical support for such business, being referred to as “Hotline Services”) and its Voice Services and Data Services (collectively referred to as “On-Site services”) offices. As of October 2, 2010, the Company had more than 3,000 professional technical experts in 194 offices serving more than 175,000 clients in 141 countries throughout the world. Founded in 1976, Black Box, a Delaware corporation, operates subsidiaries on five continents and is headquartered near Pittsburgh in Lawrence, Pennsylvania.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Black Box have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The Company believes that these consolidated financial statements reflect all normal, recurring adjustments needed to present fairly the Company’s results for the interim periods presented. The results as of and for interim periods may not be indicative of the results of operations for any other interim period or for the full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company’s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010 (the “Form 10-K”).

The Company’s fiscal year ends on March 31. The fiscal quarters consist of 13 weeks and end on the Saturday generally nearest each calendar quarter end, adjusted to provide relatively equivalent business days for each fiscal quarter. The actual ending dates for the periods presented in these Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements as of September 30, 2010 and 2009 were October 2, 2010 and September 26, 2009. References herein to “Fiscal Year” or “Fiscal” mean the Company’s fiscal year ended March 31 for the year referenced. All references to dollar amounts herein are presented in thousands, except per share amounts, unless otherwise noted.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, which is the parent company, and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires Company management (“Management”) to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates in these financial statements include project progress towards completion to estimated budget, allowances for doubtful accounts receivable, sales returns, net realizable value of inventories, loss contingencies, warranty reserves, intangible assets and goodwill. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management believes the estimates made are reasonable. The Company assessed events subsequent to September 30, 2010 for potential recognition and disclosure in the consolidated financial statements. No events have occurred that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies / Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 2 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements within the Form 10-K. No additional significant accounting policies have been adopted during Fiscal 2011.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

There have been no accounting pronouncements adopted during the three (3) and six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 that had a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. There have been no new accounting pronouncements issued during the three (3) and six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 but not yet adopted that are expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. See the Company's consolidated financial statements in the Form 10-K for a discussion of other new accounting pronouncements issued but not yet adopted.

Note 3: Inventories

The Company's inventories consist of the following:

	September 30, 2010		March 31, 2010	
Raw materials	\$	1,470	\$	1,545
Finished goods		72,115		69,952
Subtotal	\$	73,585	\$	71,497
Excess and obsolete inventory reserves		(20,049)		(19,990)
Inventory, net	\$	53,536	\$	51,507

Note 4: Goodwill

The following table summarizes changes to Goodwill at the Company's reportable segments for the periods presented:

	North America	Europe	All Other	Total
Balance as of March 31, 2010	\$ 571,867	\$ 67,913	\$ 2,185	\$ 641,965
Currency translation	--	2,602	43	2,645
Prior period acquisitions (see Note 9)	(194)	--	--	(194)
Balance as of September 30, 2010	\$ 571,673	\$ 70,515	\$ 2,228	\$ 644,416

At and since September 26, 2009 (the date of the Company's most recent annual goodwill impairment assessment), the Company's stock market capitalization has been lower than its net book value. However, each of the Company's reporting units continues to operate profitably and generate significant cash flow from operations, and the Company expects that each will continue to do so throughout the remainder of Fiscal 2011 and beyond. In addition, the Company believes that a reasonable potential buyer would offer a control premium for the business that would adequately cover the difference between the recent stock trading prices and the net book value.

Note 5: Intangible Assets

The following table summarizes the gross carrying amount, accumulated amortization and net carrying amount by intangible asset class for the periods presented:

	September 30, 2010			March 31, 2010		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accum. Amort.	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accum. Amort.	Net Carrying Amount
Definite-lived						
Non-compete agreements	\$ 10,464	\$ 8,800	\$ 1,664	\$ 10,391	\$ 8,193	\$ 2,198
Customer relationships	118,209	29,771	88,438	118,209	24,590	93,619
Acquired backlog	17,349	17,349	--	17,349	16,912	437
Total	\$ 146,022	\$ 55,920	\$ 90,102	\$ 145,949	\$ 49,695	\$ 96,254
Indefinite-lived						
Trademarks	35,992	8,253	27,739	35,992	8,253	27,739
Total	\$ 182,014	\$ 64,173	\$ 117,841	\$ 181,941	\$ 57,948	\$ 123,993

The Company's indefinite-lived intangible assets consist solely of the Company's trademark portfolio. The Company's definite-lived intangible assets are comprised of employee non-compete agreements, customer relationships and backlog obtained through business acquisitions.

The following table summarizes the changes to carrying amounts of intangible assets for the periods presented:

	Trademarks	Non-Competes and Backlog	Customer Relationships	Total
Balance at March 31, 2010	\$ 27,739	\$ 2,635	\$ 93,619	\$ 123,993
Amortization expense	--	(979)	(5,181)	(6,160)
Currency translation	--	8	--	8
Balance at September 30, 2010	\$ 27,739	\$ 1,664	\$ 88,438	\$ 117,841

Intangibles amortization was \$3,058 and \$2,150 for the three (3) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$6,160 and \$6,195 for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The Company acquired definite-lived intangibles from the completion of several acquisitions during Fiscal 2010.

The following table details the estimated intangibles amortization expense for the remainder of Fiscal 2011, each of the succeeding four fiscal years and the periods thereafter. These estimates are based on the carrying amounts of intangible assets as of September 30, 2010 that are provisional measurements of fair value and are subject to change pending the outcome of purchase accounting related to certain acquisitions:

Fiscal	
2011	\$ 5,639
2012	11,013
2013	10,034
2014	8,852
2015	7,713
Thereafter	46,851
Total	\$ 90,102

Note 6: Indebtedness

The Company's long-term debt consists of the following:

	September 30, 2010	March 31, 2010
Revolving credit agreement	\$ 206,415	\$ 209,860
Capital lease obligations	1,583	1,967
Other	--	7
Total debt	\$ 207,998	\$ 211,834
Less: current portion (included in Other liabilities)	(863)	(961)
Long-term debt	\$ 207,135	\$ 210,873

Revolving Credit Agreement

On January 30, 2008, the Company entered into a Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of January 30, 2008 (the "Credit Agreement") with Citizens Bank of Pennsylvania, as agent, and a group of lenders. The Credit Agreement expires on January 30, 2013. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement are permitted up to a maximum amount of \$350,000, which includes up to \$20,000 of swing-line loans and \$25,000 of letters of credit. The Credit Agreement may be increased by the Company up to an additional \$100,000 with the approval of the lenders and may be unilaterally and permanently reduced by the Company to not less than the then outstanding amount of all borrowings. Interest on outstanding indebtedness under the Credit Agreement accrues, at the Company's option, at a rate based on either: (a) the greater of (i) the prime rate per annum of the agent then in effect and (ii) 0.50% plus the rate per annum announced by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as being the weighted-average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions arranged by Federal funds brokers on the previous trading day or (b) a rate per annum equal to the LIBOR rate plus 0.50% to 1.125% (determined by a leverage ratio based on the Company's consolidated Earnings Before Interest Taxes Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA")). The Credit Agreement requires the Company to maintain compliance with certain non-financial and financial covenants such as leverage and fixed-charge coverage ratios. As of September 30, 2010, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants under the Credit Agreement.

The maximum amount of debt outstanding under the Credit Agreement, the weighted-average balance outstanding under the Credit Agreement and the weighted-average interest rate on all outstanding debt for the three (3) months ended September 30, 2010 was \$237,255, \$225,510 and 1.3%, respectively, compared to \$251,095, \$243,393 and 1.4%, respectively, for the three (3) months ended September 30, 2009. The maximum amount of debt outstanding under the Credit Agreement, the weighted-average balance outstanding under the Credit Agreement and the weighted-average interest rate on all outstanding debt for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 was \$237,255, \$222,595 and 1.3%, respectively, compared to \$261,750, \$249,113 and 1.5%, respectively, for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2009.

Capital lease obligations

The capital lease obligations are primarily for equipment. The lease agreements have remaining terms ranging from less than one year to five years with interest rates ranging from 4.5% to 12.3%.

Other

Other debt is comprised of other third-party, non-employee loans.

Unused available borrowings

As of September 30, 2010, the Company had \$4,636 outstanding in letters of credit and \$138,949 in unused commitments under the Credit Agreement.

Note 7: Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company is exposed to certain market risks, including the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Company uses derivative instruments to manage financial exposures that occur in the normal course of business. It does not hold or issue derivatives for speculative trading purposes. The Company is exposed to non-performance risk from the counterparties in its derivative instruments. This risk would be limited to any unrealized gains on current positions. To help mitigate this risk, the Company transacts only with counterparties that are rated as investment grade or higher and all counterparties are monitored on a continuous basis. The fair value of the Company's derivatives reflects this credit risk.

Foreign Currency Contracts:

The Company enters into foreign currency contracts to hedge exposure to variability in expected fluctuations in foreign currencies. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at the rate of exchange existing at the year-end date. Adjustments resulting from these translations are recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (“AOCI”) within the Company’s Consolidated Balance Sheets and will be included in income upon sale or liquidation of the foreign investment. As of September 30, 2010, the Company had open contracts in Australian and Canadian dollars, Danish krone, Euros, Mexican pesos, Norwegian kroner, British pounds sterling, Swedish krona, Swiss francs and Japanese yen which have been designated as cash flow hedges. These contracts had a notional amount of \$81,379 and will expire within ten (10) months. There was no hedge ineffectiveness for the three (3) and six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Interest-rate Swaps:

On July 26, 2006, the Company entered into a five-year floating-to-fixed interest-rate swap that is based on a 3-month LIBOR rate versus a 5.44% fixed rate, has a notional value of \$100,000 (which reduced to \$50,000 as of June 26, 2009) and does not qualify for hedge accounting. On June 15, 2009, the Company entered into a three-year floating-to-fixed interest-rate swap that is based on a 3-month LIBOR rate versus a 2.28% fixed rate, has a notional value of \$100,000 reducing to \$50,000 after two years and does not qualify for hedge accounting. Each interest-rate swap discussed above is collectively hereinafter referred to as the “interest-rate swaps.”

The following tables detail the effect of derivative instruments on the Company’s Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statements of Income for the periods presented:

	Classification	Asset Derivatives		Liability Derivatives		
		Fair Value at September 30, 2010	Fair Value at March 31, 2010	Fair Value at September 30, 2010	Fair Value at March 31, 2010	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency contracts	Other liabilities (short-term)	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 1,031	\$ 3,130	
Foreign currency contracts	Prepaid and other current assets	\$ 3,578	\$ 514	\$ --	\$ --	
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments						
Interest-rate swaps	Other liabilities (short-term)	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 4,425	\$ 5,271	
	Classification	Three (3) months ended September 30,		Six (6) months ended September 30,		
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments						
Gain (loss) recognized in Comprehensive income on (effective portion) – net of taxes	Other comprehensive income	\$ (107)	\$ (433)	\$ (452)	\$ (578)	
(Gain) loss reclassified from AOCI into income (effective portion) – net of taxes	Selling, general & administrative expenses	\$ 190	\$ 119	\$ 318	\$ 190	

	Classification	Three (3) months ended September 30,		Six (6) months ended September 30,	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments					
Gain (loss) recognized in income	Interest expense (income), net	\$ 314	\$ (380)	\$ 846	\$ (177)

Note 8: Fair Value Disclosures

Recurring fair value measurements: The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2010, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Company to determine such fair value:

	Assets at Fair Value as of September 30, 2010			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Foreign currency contracts	\$ --	\$ 3,578	\$ --	\$ 3,578

	Liabilities at Fair Value as of September 30, 2010			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Foreign currency contracts	\$ --	\$ 1,031	\$ --	\$ 1,031
Interest-rate swaps	--	4,425	--	4,425
Total	\$ --	\$ 5,456	\$ --	\$ 5,456

Note 9: Acquisitions

Fiscal 2011 acquisitions:

There have been no acquisitions during the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010.

Fiscal 2010 acquisitions:

During the third quarter of Fiscal 2010, the Company acquired Quanta Systems, LLC ("Quanta"), a privately-held company headquartered in Gaithersburg, MD. Quanta has an active customer base which includes various United States Department of Defense and government agency accounts.

Also, during the third quarter of Fiscal 2010, the Company acquired CBS Technologies Corp. ("CBS"), a privately-held company headquartered in Islandia, NY. CBS has an active customer base which includes commercial, education and various government agency accounts.

The acquisitions of Quanta and CBS, both individually and in the aggregate, did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed for Quanta are provisional and are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date to estimate the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company believes that the information available provides a reasonable basis for estimating the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed but additional information not yet available is necessary to finalize those fair values. Thus, the provisional measurements of fair value are subject to change. The Company expects to finalize the valuation and complete the purchase price allocation as soon as practicable but no later than one-year from the acquisition date.

The results of operations of Quanta and CBS are included within the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income beginning on their respective acquisition dates.

Note 10: Income Taxes

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$8,302, an effective tax rate of 38.0%, and \$4,912, an effective tax rate of 37.5%, for the three (3) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$16,359, an effective tax rate of 38.0%, and \$9,593, an effective tax rate of 37.5%, for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The effective rate for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 of 38.0% differs from the federal statutory rate primarily due to state income taxes, partially offset by uncertain income tax positions (including interest and penalties) and foreign earnings taxed at a lower statutory rate.

The Company provides for income taxes at the end of each interim period based on the estimated effective tax rate for the full fiscal year. Cumulative adjustments to the Company's estimate are recorded in the interim period in which a change in the estimated annual effective rate is determined.

Fiscal 2007 through Fiscal 2009 remain open to examination by the IRS. Fiscal 2004 through Fiscal 2009 remain open to examination by state and foreign taxing jurisdictions.

Note 11: Stock-based Compensation

In August 2008, the Company's stockholders approved the 2008 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Incentive Plan") which replaces the 1992 Stock Option Plan, as amended, and the 1992 Director Stock Option Plan, as amended. As of September 30, 2010, the Incentive Plan is authorized to issue stock options, restricted stock units and performance shares, among other types of awards, for up to 2,395,477 shares of common stock, par value \$.001 (the "common stock").

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$2,504 (\$1,553 net of tax), or \$0.09 per diluted share, and \$1,636 (\$1,022 net of tax), or \$0.06 per diluted share, for the three (3) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and \$5,506 (\$3,414 net of tax), or \$0.19 per diluted share, and \$3,279 (\$2,049 net of tax), or \$0.12 per diluted share, for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense is recorded in Selling, general & administrative expense within the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income.

Stock options

Stock option awards are granted with an exercise price equal to the closing market price of the common stock on the date of grant; such stock options generally become exercisable in equal amounts over a three-year period and have a contractual life of ten (10) years from the grant date. The fair value of stock options is estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model which includes the following weighted-average assumptions.

	Six (6) months ended September 30,	
	2010	2009
Expected life (in years)	4.9	5.0
Risk free interest rate	2.3%	2.6%
Annual forfeiture rate	2.1%	2.2%
Volatility	41.4%	45.6%
Dividend yield	0.8%	0.9%

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option activity for the period presented and as of September 30, 2010:

	Shares (in 000's)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Intrinsic Value (000's)
Outstanding at March 31, 2010	3,187	\$ 35.66		
Granted	234	32.21		
Exercised	(10)	28.93		
Forfeited or expired	(11)	34.71		
Outstanding at September 30, 2010	3,400	\$ 35.45	5.4	\$ 3,532
Exercisable at September 30, 2010	2,706	\$ 36.67	4.6	\$ 2,378

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$11.69 and \$12.54, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$32 and \$0, respectively, based on the closing stock price of the common stock on October 1, 2010 of \$32.20.

The following table summarizes certain information regarding the Company's non-vested stock options for the period presented:

	Shares (in 000's)	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Non-vested as of March 31, 2010	866	\$ 9.42
Granted	234	11.69
Forfeited	(4)	8.56
Vested	(402)	9.19
Non-vested as of September 30, 2010	694	\$ 10.32

As of September 30, 2010, there was \$5,268 of total unrecognized pre-tax stock-based compensation expense related to non-vested stock options which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.5 years.

Restricted stock units

Restricted stock unit awards are subject to a service condition and typically vest in equal amounts over a three-year period from the grant date. The fair value of restricted stock units is determined based on the number of restricted stock units granted and the closing market price of the common stock on the date of grant.

The following table summarizes the Company's restricted stock unit activity for the period presented:

	Shares (in 000's)	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Outstanding at March 31, 2010	149	\$ 28.75
Granted	175	30.72
Vested	(68)	29.28
Forfeited	(4)	29.60
Outstanding at September 30, 2010	252	\$ 29.96

The total fair value of shares that vested during the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$1,985 and \$497, respectively.

As of September 30, 2010, there was \$6,155 of total unrecognized pre-tax stock-based compensation expense related to non-vested restricted stock units which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.2 years.

Performance share awards

Performance share awards are subject to certain performance goals including the Company's Relative Total Shareholder Return ("TSR") Ranking and cumulative Adjusted EBITDA over a two or three year period. The Company's Relative TSR Ranking metric is based on the two or three year cumulative return to shareholders from the change in stock price and dividends paid between the starting and ending dates. The fair value of performance share awards (subject to cumulative Adjusted EBITDA) is determined based on the number of performance shares granted and the closing market price of the common stock on the date of grant. The fair value of performance share awards (subject to the Company's Relative TSR Ranking) is estimated on the grant date using the Monte-Carlo simulation which includes the following weighted-average assumptions.

	Six (6) months ended September 30,	
	2010	2009
Expected Volatility	52.3%	59.1%
Risk free interest rate	1.4%	1.1%
Dividend yield	0.8%	0.8%

The following table summarizes the Company's performance share award activity for the period presented:

	Shares (in 000's)	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value
Outstanding at March 31, 2010	100	\$ 33.05
Granted	79	33.24
Vested	--	--
Forfeited	--	--
Outstanding at September 30, 2010	179	\$ 33.13

No shares vested during the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010.

As of September 30, 2010, there was \$3,941 of total unrecognized pre-tax stock-based compensation expense related to non-vested performance share awards which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.6 years.

Note 12: Earnings Per Share

The following table details the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share from continuing operations for the periods presented (share numbers in thousands):

	Three (3) months ended September 30,		Six (6) months ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income	\$13,550	\$ 8,186	\$26,694	\$15,988
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (basic)	17,607	17,548	17,574	17,544
Effect of dilutive securities from equity awards	87	--	72	--
Weighted-average common shares outstanding (diluted)	17,694	17,548	17,646	17,544
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.52	\$ 0.91
Dilutive earnings per common share	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.51	\$ 0.91

The Weighted-average common shares outstanding (diluted) computation is not impacted during any period where the exercise price of a stock option is greater than the average market price. There were 2,677,536 and 3,477,658 non-dilutive equity awards outstanding for the three (3) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and 2,525,053 and 3,465,354 non-dilutive equity awards outstanding for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, that are not included in the corresponding period Weighted-average common shares outstanding (diluted) computation.

Note 13: Comprehensive income and AOCI

The following table details the computation of comprehensive income for the periods presented:

	Three (3) months ended September 30,		Six (6) months ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income	\$ 13,550	\$ 8,186	\$ 26,694	\$ 15,988
Foreign currency translation adjustment	12,282	3,967	5,936	15,470
Derivative Instruments (net of tax):				
Net change in fair value of cash flow hedging instruments (net of tax)	(107)	(433)	(452)	(578)
Amounts reclassified into results of operations	190	119	318	190
Pension (net of tax):				
Unrealized gain (loss)	8	(9)	13	(139)
Amounts reclassified into results of operations	35	35	70	70
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 12,408	\$ 3,679	\$ 5,885	\$ 15,013
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 25,958	\$ 11,865	\$ 32,579	\$ 31,001

The components of AOCI consisted of the following for the periods presented:

	September 30, 2010	March 31, 2010
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$ 19,234	\$ 13,298
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives designated and qualified as cash flow hedges	(454)	(320)
Unrecognized gain (losses) on defined benefit pension	(2,924)	(3,007)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 15,856	\$ 9,971

Note 14: Segment Reporting

Management reviews financial information for the consolidated Company accompanied by disaggregated information on revenues, operating income and assets by geographic region for the purpose of making operational decisions and assessing financial performance. Additionally, Management is presented with and reviews revenues and gross profit by service type. The accounting policies of the individual operating segments are the same as those of the Company.

The following table presents financial information about the Company's reportable segments by geographic region for the periods presented:

	Three (3) months ended September 30,		Six (6) months ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
North America				
Revenues	\$ 240,540	\$ 199,928	\$ 471,024	\$ 404,511
Operating income	20,684	11,813	39,851	23,388
Depreciation	1,420	1,759	2,890	3,680
Intangibles amortization	3,045	2,138	6,138	6,172
Assets (as of September 30)	1,054,646	1,034,087	1,054,646	1,034,087
Europe				
Revenues	\$ 22,798	\$ 24,172	\$ 47,740	\$ 48,058
Operating income	1,153	2,555	3,489	4,644
Depreciation	93	93	171	177
Intangibles amortization	11	11	19	21
Assets (as of September 30)	129,308	134,769	129,308	134,769
All Other				
Revenues	\$ 9,586	\$ 7,813	\$ 17,756	\$ 14,556
Operating income	1,691	1,241	3,080	2,062
Depreciation	39	32	75	60
Intangibles amortization	2	1	3	2
Assets (as of September 30)	26,224	23,606	26,224	23,606

The sum of the segment revenues, operating income, depreciation and intangibles amortization equals the consolidated revenues, operating income, depreciation and intangibles amortization. The following reconciles segment assets to total consolidated assets as of September 30, 2010 and 2009:

	As of September 30,	
	2010	2009
Segment assets for North America, Europe and All Other	\$ 1,210,178	\$ 1,192,462
Corporate eliminations	(52,374)	(59,795)
Total consolidated assets	\$ 1,157,804	\$ 1,132,667

The following table presents financial information about the Company by service type for the periods presented:

	Three (3) months ended September 30,		Six (6) months ended September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Data Services				
Revenues	\$ 53,989	\$ 43,928	\$ 107,946	\$ 95,338
Gross profit	14,076	12,142	28,426	26,089
Voice Services				
Revenues	\$ 172,520	\$ 142,474	\$ 336,110	\$ 283,994
Gross profit	54,647	48,287	108,680	96,666
Hotline Services				
Revenues	\$ 46,415	\$ 45,511	\$ 92,464	\$ 87,793
Gross profit	21,397	21,845	42,628	41,932

The sum of service type revenues and gross profit equals consolidated revenues and gross profit.

Note 15: Commitments and Contingencies

Regulatory Matters

As previously disclosed, the Company received a subpoena, dated December 8, 2004, from the United States General Services Administration (“GSA”), Office of Inspector General. The subpoena requires production of documents and information. The Company understands that the materials are being sought in connection with an investigation regarding potential violations of the terms of a GSA Multiple Award Schedule contract. On October 2, 2007, the Company was contacted by the United States Department of Justice which informed the Company that it was reviewing allegations by the GSA that certain of the Company’s pricing practices under a GSA Multiple Award Schedule contract violated the Civil False Claims Act. The Company has executed an agreement with the United States tolling the statute of limitations on any action by the United States through July 1, 2010 in order for the parties to discuss the merits of these allegations prior to the possible commencement of any litigation by the United States. During Fiscal 2010, the Company recorded expense of \$2,850 in connection with this investigation. The Company continues to work with the GSA related to this matter. At the conclusion of this matter, the Company could be subject to damages, fines, penalties or other costs, either through settlement or judgment, which could be material.

Litigation Matters

The Company is involved in, or has pending, various legal proceedings, claims, suits and complaints arising out of the normal course of business. Based on the facts currently available to the Company, Management believes these matters are adequately provided for, covered by insurance, without merit or not probable that an unfavorable outcome will result.

There has been no other significant or unusual activity during Fiscal 2011.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The discussion and analysis for the three (3) and six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 as set forth below in this Item 2 should be read in conjunction with the response to Part 1, Item 1 of this report and the consolidated financial statements of Black Box Corporation ("Black Box," the "Company," "we" or "our"), including the related notes, and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2010 (the "Form 10-K"). The Company's fiscal year ends on March 31. The fiscal quarters consist of 13 weeks and generally end on the Saturday nearest each calendar quarter end, adjusted to provide relatively equivalent business days for each fiscal quarter. The actual ending dates for the periods presented as of September 30, 2010 and 2009 were October 2, 2010 and September 26, 2009, respectively. References to "Fiscal Year" or "Fiscal" mean the Company's fiscal year ended March 31 for the year referenced. All dollar amounts are presented in thousands unless otherwise noted.

The Company

Black Box is a leading dedicated network infrastructure services provider. Black Box offers one-source network infrastructure services for communications systems. The Company's services offerings include design, installation, integration, monitoring and maintenance of voice, data and integrated communications systems. The Company's primary services offering is voice solutions ("Voice Services"); the Company also offers premise cabling and other data-related services ("Data Services") and products. The Company provides 24/7/365 technical support for all of its solutions which encompass all major voice and data product manufacturers as well as 118,000 network infrastructure products ("Hotline products") that it sells through its catalog and Internet Web site (such catalog and Internet Web site business, together with technical support for such business, being referred to as "Hotline Services") and its Voice Services and Data Services (collectively referred to as "On-Site services") offices. As of September 30, 2010, the Company had more than 3,000 professional technical experts in 194 offices serving more than 175,000 clients in 141 countries throughout the world. Founded in 1976, Black Box, a Delaware corporation, operates subsidiaries on five continents and is headquartered near Pittsburgh in Lawrence, Pennsylvania.

With respect to Voice Services, the Company's revenues are primarily generated from the sale and/or installation of new voice communication systems, the maintenance of voice communication systems and moves, adds and changes ("MAC work") as customers' employees change locations or as customers move or remodel their physical space. The Company's diverse portfolio of product offerings allows it to service the needs of its customers which it believes is a unique competitive advantage. With respect to the sale of new voice communication systems, most significant orders are subject to competitive bidding processes and, generally, competition can be significant for such new orders. The Company is continually bidding on new projects to replace projects that are completed. New voice communication system orders often generate a maintenance agreement to maintain the voice communication system which generally ranges from 1-3 years for commercial clients and 3-5 years for government clients. Sales of new voice communication systems and, to a lesser extent, MAC work, is dependent upon general economic growth and the Company's customers' capital spending. On the other hand, revenues from maintenance contracts generally are not dependent on the economy as customers seek to extend the life of their existing equipment and delay capital spending on new voice communication systems. The Company also has government contracts which generate significant revenues and are not as dependent on the overall economic environment as commercial customers. Maintenance and MAC work revenues also are dependent upon the Company's history and relationship with its customers and its long track record of providing high-quality service.

Similarly, the Company's revenues for Data Services are generated from the installation or upgrade of data networks and MAC work. The installation of new data networks is largely dependent upon commercial employment and building occupancy rates. Installed data networks, however, may need to be upgraded in order to provide for larger, faster networks to accommodate the growing use of network technology. Additionally, Data Services projects can include MAC work, similar to Voice Services projects, which is dependent on economic factors that are the same as those factors discussed above in relation to the Voice Services business.

There is and has been a trend toward convergence of voice and data networks. Since the Company has technical expertise in both of these areas, the Company believes that this is a competitive advantage. Both the Voice Services and Data Services businesses generate backlog. At September 30, 2010, the Company's backlog, defined as expected revenue related to executed client purchase orders or contracts that are estimated to be complete within 180 days, was approximately \$213,000 and relates primarily to Voice Services and Data Services.

The Company generates Hotline Services revenues from the sale of more than 118,000 products through its catalog, Internet Web site and the Company's On-Site services offices. The sale of these products is a highly fragmented and competitive business. The Company has been in this business for over 30 years and has developed a reputation for providing high quality products, free 24/7/365 technical support, comprehensive warranties and rapid order fulfillment. With an average order size of less than one thousand dollars, the Company's Hotline Services is less impacted by capital spending and more so on general IT spending. The Company's Hotline Services business provides additional distribution and support capabilities along with access to Black Box branded products to both the Data Services and Voice Services businesses which provides cost benefits.

The Company services a variety of customers within most major industries, with the highest concentration in government, business services, technology, retail, healthcare and manufacturing. Factors that impact those verticals, therefore, could have an impact on the Company. While the Company generates most of its revenues in North America, the Company also generates revenues from around the world, primarily Europe, such that factors that impact the European market could impact the Company.

Company management ("Management") strives to develop extensive and long-term relationships with high-quality customers as Management believes that satisfied customers will demand quality services and product offerings even in economic downturns.

Management is presented with and reviews revenues and operating income by geographical segment. In addition, revenues and gross profit information by service type are provided herein for purposes of further analysis.

The Company has completed two (2) acquisitions from April 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010 that have had an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and, more specifically, North America Voice Services for the periods under review. Fiscal 2010 acquisitions were (i) Quanta Systems, LLC ("Quanta") and (ii) CBS Technologies Corp. ("CBS"). The acquisitions noted above are collectively referred to as the "Acquired Companies." The results of operations of the Acquired Companies are included within the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income beginning on their respective acquisition dates.

The Company incurs certain expenses (*i.e.*, expenses incurred as a result of certain acquisitions) that it excludes when evaluating the continuing operations of the Company. The following table is included to provide a schedule of these current expenses and an estimate of these future expenses for Fiscal 2011 (by quarter) based on information available to the Company as of September 30, 2010:

	1Q11	2Q11	3Q11	4Q11	Fiscal 2011
Selling, general & administrative expenses					
Asset write-up depreciation expense on acquisitions	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --
Intangibles amortization					
Amortization of intangible assets on acquisitions	\$ 3,093	\$ 3,045	\$ 2,808	\$ 2,808	\$ 11,754
Total	\$ 3,093	\$ 3,045	\$ 2,808	\$ 2,808	\$ 11,754

The following table is included to provide a schedule of these expenses during Fiscal 2010 (by quarter):

	1Q10	2Q10	3Q10	4Q10	Fiscal 2010
Selling, general & administrative expenses					
Asset write-up depreciation expense on acquisitions	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 128	\$ 348	\$ 476
Intangibles amortization					
Amortization of intangible assets on acquisitions	\$ 4,031	\$ 2,134	\$ 3,099	\$ 5,886	\$ 15,150
Total	\$ 4,031	\$ 2,134	\$ 3,227	\$ 6,234	\$ 15,626

The following table provides information on Revenues and Operating income by reportable geographic segment (North America, Europe and All Other). The table below should be read in conjunction with the following discussions.

	Three (3) months ended September 30,				Six (6) months ended September 30,			
	2010		2009		2010		2009	
	\$	% of total revenue	\$	% of total revenue	\$	% of total revenue	\$	% of total revenue
Revenues								
North America	\$ 240,540	88.1%	\$ 199,928	86.2%	\$ 471,024	87.8%	\$ 404,511	86.6%
Europe	22,798	8.4%	24,172	10.4%	47,740	8.9%	48,058	10.3%
All Other	9,586	3.5%	7,813	3.4%	17,756	3.3%	14,556	3.1%
Total	\$ 272,924	100%	\$ 231,913	100%	\$ 536,520	100%	\$ 467,125	100%
Operating income								
North America	\$ 20,684		\$ 11,813		\$ 39,851		\$ 23,388	
% of North America revenues	8.6%		5.9%		8.5%		5.8%	
Europe	\$ 1,153		\$ 2,555		\$ 3,489		\$ 4,644	
% of Europe revenues	5.1%		10.6%		7.3%		9.7%	
All Other	\$ 1,691		\$ 1,241		\$ 3,080		\$ 2,062	
% of All Other revenues	17.6%		15.9%		17.3%		14.2%	
Total	\$ 23,528	8.6%	\$ 15,609	6.7%	\$ 46,420	8.7%	\$ 30,094	6.4%

The following table provides information on Revenues and Gross profit by service type (Data Services, Voice Services and Hotline Services). The table below should be read in conjunction with the following discussions.

	Three (3) months ended September 30,				Six (6) months ended September 30,			
	2010		2009		2010		2009	
	\$	% of total revenue	\$	% of total revenue	\$	% of total revenue	\$	% of total revenue
Revenues								
Data Services	\$ 53,989	19.8%	\$ 43,928	18.9%	\$ 107,946	20.1%	\$ 95,338	20.4%
Voice Services	172,520	63.2%	142,474	61.5%	336,110	62.7%	283,994	60.8%
Hotline Services	46,415	17.0%	45,511	19.6%	92,464	17.2%	87,793	18.8%
Total	\$ 272,924	100%	\$ 231,913	100%	\$ 536,520	100%	\$ 467,125	100%
Gross profit								
Data Services	\$ 14,076		\$ 12,142		\$ 28,426		\$ 26,089	
% of Data Services revenues	26.1%		27.6%		26.3%		27.4%	
Voice Services	\$ 54,647		\$ 48,287		\$ 108,680		\$ 96,666	
% of Voice Services revenues	31.7%		33.9%		32.3%		34.0%	
Hotline Services	\$ 21,397		\$ 21,845		\$ 42,628		\$ 41,932	
% of Hotline Services revenues	46.1%		48.0%		46.1%		47.8%	
Total	\$ 90,120	33.0%	\$ 82,274	35.5%	\$ 179,734	33.5%	\$ 164,687	35.3%

Second quarter of Fiscal 2011 (“2Q11”) compared to second quarter of Fiscal 2010 (“2Q10”):

Total Revenues

Total revenues for 2Q11 were \$272,924, an increase of 18% compared to total revenues for 2Q10 of \$231,913. The Acquired Companies contributed incremental revenue of \$7,254 and \$0 for 2Q11 and 2Q10, respectively. Excluding the effects of the acquisitions and the negative exchange rate impact of \$637 in 2Q11 relative to the U.S. dollar, total revenues would have increased 15% from \$231,913 to \$266,307 for the reasons discussed below.

Revenues by Geography

North America

Revenues in North America for 2Q11 were \$240,540, an increase of 20% compared to revenues for 2Q10 of \$199,928. The Acquired Companies contributed incremental revenue of \$7,254 and \$0 for 2Q11 and 2Q10, respectively. Excluding the effects of the acquisitions and the positive exchange rate impact of \$362 in 2Q11 relative to the U.S. dollar, North American revenues would have increased 17% from \$199,928 to \$232,924. The Company believes that this increase is primarily due to increased activity for both end-user and indirect sales of its Voice Services within the government (primarily federal and state) and retail revenue verticals, increased activity for both end-user and indirect sales of its Data Services within the business services and technology revenue verticals and a general increase in activity for its Hotline Services.

Europe

Revenues in Europe for 2Q11 were \$22,798, a decrease of 6% compared to revenues for 2Q10 of \$24,172. Excluding the negative exchange rate impact of \$1,527 in 2Q11 relative to the U.S. dollar, Europe revenues would have increased 1% from \$24,172 to \$24,325. The Company believes this increase is primarily due to a general increase in activity for its Data Services and for a large order for its Hotline Services within the business services revenue vertical. Revenues in Europe continue to be impacted by weak general economic conditions that affected client demand for its Data Services and Hotline Services.

All Other

Revenues for All Other for 2Q11 were \$9,586, an increase of 23% compared to revenues for 2Q10 of \$7,813. Excluding the positive exchange rate impact of \$528 in 2Q11 relative to the U.S. dollar, All Other revenues would have increased 16% from \$7,813 to \$9,058.

Revenue by Service Type

Data Services

Revenues from Data Services for 2Q11 were \$53,989, an increase of 23% compared to revenues for 2Q10 of \$43,928. Excluding the negative exchange rate impact of \$143 in 2Q11 relative to the U.S. dollar for its international Data Services, Data Services revenues would have increased 23% from \$43,928 to \$54,132. The Company believes that this increase is primarily due to increased revenue activity for both end-user and indirect sales in North America within the business services and technology revenue verticals.

Voice Services

Revenues from Voice Services for 2Q11 were \$172,520, an increase of 21% compared to revenues for 2Q10 of \$142,474. The Acquired Companies contributed incremental revenue of \$7,254 and \$0 for 2Q11 and 2Q10, respectively. Excluding the effects of the acquisitions, Voice Services revenues would have increased 16% from \$142,474 to \$165,266. The Company believes that this increase is primarily due to increased activity for both end-user and indirect sales of its Voice Services within the government (primarily federal and state) and retail revenue verticals. There was no exchange rate impact on Voice Services revenues as all of the Company's Voice Services revenues are denominated in U.S. dollars.

Hotline Services

Revenues from Hotline Services for 2Q11 were \$46,415, an increase of 2% compared to revenues for 2Q10 of \$45,411. Excluding the negative exchange rate impact of \$494 in 2Q11 relative to the U.S. dollar for its international Hotline Services, Hotline Services revenues would have increased 3% from \$45,511 to \$46,909. The Company believes that this increase is primarily due to general increase in activity in North America and All Other.

Gross profit

Gross profit dollars for 2Q11 were \$90,120, an increase of 10% compared to gross profit dollars for 2Q10 of \$82,274. Gross profit as a percent of revenues for 2Q11 was 33.0%, a decrease of 2.5% compared to gross profit as a percentage of revenues for 2Q10 of 35.5%. The Company believes the percent decrease was due primarily to an increase in project-related work, which carries a lower margin than MAC work and maintenance work, in its Voice Services, lower margin projects primarily due to continued pricing pressures for its Data Services and client mix for its Hotline Services. The dollar increase is primarily due to the increase in revenues partially offset by the decrease in gross profit as a percentage of revenues.

Gross profit dollars for Data Services for 2Q11 were \$14,076, or 26.1% of revenues, compared to gross profit dollars for 2Q10 of \$12,142, or 27.6% of revenues. Gross profit dollars for Voice Services for 2Q11 were \$54,647, or 31.7% of revenues, compared to gross profit dollars for 2Q10 of \$48,287, or 33.9% of revenues. Gross profit dollars for Hotline Services for 2Q11 were \$21,397, or 46.1% of revenues, compared to gross profit dollars for 2Q10 of \$21,845, or 48.0% of revenues. Please see the preceding paragraph for the analysis of gross profit variances by segment.

Selling, general & administrative expenses

Selling, general & administrative expenses for 2Q11 were \$63,534, a decrease of \$981 compared to Selling, general & administrative expenses for 2Q10 of \$64,515. Selling, general & administrative expenses as a percent of revenues for 2Q11 were 23.3% compared to 27.8% for 2Q10. The Company incurred certain Selling, general & administrative expenses that Management considers non-operating items. These items are historical stock option granting practices investigation and related matters costs of \$0 and \$3,992 and severance expenses of \$791 and \$649 for a total of \$791 and \$4,641, or 0.3% and 2.0% of revenues, for 2Q11 and 2Q10, respectively. Excluding these items, Selling, general & administrative expenses would have increased \$2,869 from \$59,874 to \$62,743 and Selling, general & administrative expenses as a percent of revenues would have decreased 2.8% from 25.8% to 23.0%. Management believes that the foregoing provides insight into components of these expenses to enable a better understanding of the Company's results of operations.

The increase in Selling, general & administrative expenses was primarily due to the increase in team member costs to help support the total revenue growth discussed above. The decrease in Selling, general & administrative expenses as a percent of revenue over the prior year was primarily due to revenue growth during 2Q11.

Intangibles amortization

Intangibles amortization for 2Q11 was \$3,058, an increase of \$908 compared to Intangibles amortization for 2Q10 of \$2,150. The increase was primarily attributable to the addition of intangible assets from acquisitions completed subsequent to the second quarter of Fiscal 2010.

Operating income

As a result of the foregoing, Operating income for 2Q11 was \$23,528, or 8.6% of revenues, an increase of \$7,919 compared to Operating income for 2Q10 of \$15,609, or 6.7% of revenues.

Interest expense (income), net

Net interest expense for 2Q11 was \$1,742, or 0.6% of revenues, compared to net interest expense for 2Q10 of \$2,596, or 1.1% of revenues. The Company's interest-rate swaps contributed a gain of \$314 and a loss of \$380 for 2Q11 and 2Q10, respectively, due to the change in fair value. Excluding the effect of the interest-rate swaps, net interest expense would have decreased \$160 from \$2,216, or 1.0% of revenues, to \$2,056, or 0.8% of revenues. This decrease in net interest expense is due to decreases in the weighted-average interest rate from 1.4% for 2Q10 to 1.3% for 2Q11 and in the weighted-average outstanding debt from \$243,393 for 2Q10 to \$225,510 for 2Q11. The decrease in the weighted-average interest rate is due primarily to the overall decline in short-term interest rates.

Provision for income taxes

The tax provision for 2Q11 was \$8,302, an effective tax rate of 38.0%. This compares to the tax provision for 2Q10 of \$4,912, an effective tax rate of 37.5%. The tax rate for 2Q11 was higher than 2Q10 due to changes in the overall mix of taxable income among worldwide offices, foreign currency exchange effects on previously-taxed income and reductions in uncertain income tax positions (including interest and penalties). The Company anticipates that its deferred tax asset is realizable in the foreseeable future.

Net income

As a result of the foregoing, Net income for 2Q11 was \$13,550, or 5.0% of revenues, compared to Net income for 2Q10 of \$8,186, or 3.5% of revenues.

Six months Fiscal 2011 ("2QYTD11") compared to six months Fiscal 2010 ("2QYTD10"):

Total Revenues

Total revenues for 2QYTD11 were \$536,520, an increase of 15% compared to total revenues for 2QYTD10 of \$467,125. The Acquired Companies contributed incremental revenue of \$15,266 and \$0 for 2QYTD11 and 2QYTD10, respectively. Excluding the effects of the acquisitions and the negative exchange rate impact of \$486 in 2QYTD11 relative to the U.S. dollar, total revenues would have increased 12% from \$467,125 to \$521,740 for the reasons discussed below.

Revenues by Geography

North America

Revenues in North America for 2QYTD11 were \$471,024, an increase of 16% compared to revenues for 2QYTD10 of \$404,511. The Acquired Companies contributed incremental revenue of \$15,266 and \$0 for 2QYTD11 and 2QYTD10, respectively. Excluding the effects of the acquisitions and the positive exchange rate impact of \$1,043 in 2QYTD11 relative to the U.S. dollar, North American revenues would have increased 12% from \$404,511 to \$454,715. The Company believes that this increase is primarily due to increased activity for both end-user and indirect sales of its Voice Services within the government (primarily federal and state) and retail revenue verticals, increased activity for both end-user and indirect sales of its Data Services within the business services and technology revenue verticals and a general increase in activity for its Hotline Services.

Europe

Revenues in Europe for 2QYTD11 were \$47,740, a decrease of 1% compared to revenues for 2QYTD10 of \$48,058. Excluding the negative exchange rate impact of \$2,481 in 2QYTD11 relative to the U.S. dollar, Europe revenues would have increased 5% from \$48,058 to \$50,221. The Company believes this increase is primarily due to a general increase in activity for its Data Services and for a large order for its Hotline Services within the business services revenue vertical. Revenues in Europe continue to be impacted by weak general economic conditions that affected client demand for its Data Services and Hotline Services.

All Other

Revenues for All Other for 2QYTD11 were \$17,756, an increase of 22% compared to revenues for 2QYTD10 of \$14,556. Excluding the positive exchange rate impact of \$952 in 2QYTD11 relative to the U.S. dollar, All Other revenues would have increased 15% from \$14,556 to \$16,804.

Revenue by Service Type

Data Services

Revenues from Data Services for 2QYTD11 were \$107,946, an increase of 13% compared to revenues for 2QYTD10 of \$95,338. Excluding the positive exchange rate impact of \$214 in 2QYTD11 relative to the U.S. dollar for its international Data Services, Data Services revenues would have increased 13% from \$95,338 to \$107,732. The Company believes that this increase is primarily due to increased activity for both end-user and indirect sales in North America within the business services and technology revenue verticals.

Voice Services

Revenues from Voice Services for 2QYTD11 were \$336,110, an increase of 18% compared to revenues for 2QYTD10 of \$283,994. The Acquired Companies contributed incremental revenue of \$15,266 and \$0 for 2QYTD11 and 2QYTD10, respectively. Excluding the effects of the acquisitions, Voice Services revenues would have increased 13% from \$283,994 to \$320,844. The Company believes that this increase is primarily due to increased activity for both end-user and indirect sales of its Voice Services within the government (primarily federal and state) and retail revenue verticals. There was no exchange rate impact on Voice Services revenues as all of the Company's Voice Services revenues are denominated in U.S. dollars.

Hotline Services

Revenues from Hotline Services for 2QYTD11 were \$92,464, an increase of 5% compared to revenues for 2QYTD10 of \$87,793. Excluding the negative exchange rate impact of \$700 in 2QYTD11 relative to the U.S. dollar for its international Hotline Services, Hotline Services revenues would have increased 6% from \$87,793 to \$93,164. The Company believes that this increase is primarily due to general increase in activity in North America and All Other.

Gross profit

Gross profit dollars for 2QYTD11 were \$179,734, an increase of 9% compared to gross profit dollars for 2QYTD10 of \$164,687. Gross profit as a percent of revenues for 2QYTD11 was 33.5%, a decrease of 1.8% compared to gross profit as a percentage of revenues for 2QYTD10 of 35.3%. The Company believes the percent decrease was due primarily to an increase in project-related work, which carries a lower margin than MAC work and maintenance work, in its Voice Services, lower margin projects primarily due to continued pricing pressures for its Data Services and client mix for its Hotline Services. The dollar increase is primarily due to the increase in revenues partially offset by the decrease in gross profit as a percentage of revenues.

Gross profit dollars for Data Services for 2QYTD11 were \$28,426, or 26.3% of revenues, compared to gross profit dollars for 2QYTD10 of \$26,089, or 27.4% of revenues. Gross profit dollars for Voice Services for 2QYTD11 were \$108,680, or 32.3% of revenues, compared to gross profit dollars for 2QYTD10 of \$96,666, or 34.0% of revenues. Gross profit dollars for Hotline Services for 2QYTD11 were \$42,628, or 46.1% of revenues, compared to gross profit dollars for 2QYTD10 of \$41,932, or 47.8% of revenues. Please see the preceding paragraph for the analysis of gross profit variances by segment.

Selling, general & administrative expenses

Selling, general & administrative expenses for 2QYTD11 were \$127,154, a decrease of \$1,244 compared to Selling, general & administrative expenses for 2QYTD10 of \$128,398. Selling, general & administrative expenses as a percent of revenues for 2QYTD11 were 23.7% compared to 27.5% for 2QYTD10. The Company incurred certain Selling, general & administrative expenses that Management considers non-operating items. These items are historical stock option granting practices investigation and related matters costs of \$0 and \$4,256, the United States General Services Administration (“GSA”) settlement of \$0 and \$2,145 and severance expenses of \$1,078 and \$1,661 for a total of \$1,078 and \$8,062, or 0.2% and 1.7% of revenues, for 2QYTD11 and 2QYTD10, respectively. Excluding these items, Selling, general & administrative expenses would have increased \$5,740 from \$120,336 to \$126,076 and Selling, general & administrative expenses as a percent of revenues would have decreased 2.3% from 25.8% to 23.5%. Management believes that the foregoing provides insight into components of these expenses to enable a better understanding of the Company’s results of operations.

The increase in Selling, general & administrative expenses was primarily due to the increase in team member costs to help support the total revenue growth discussed above. The decrease in Selling, general & administrative expenses as a percent of revenue over the prior year was primarily due to revenue growth during 2QYTD11.

Intangibles amortization

Intangibles amortization for 2QYTD11 was \$6,160, nearly equivalent to Intangibles amortization for 2QYTD10 of \$6,195. Intangibles amortization was impacted by the addition of intangible assets from acquisitions completed subsequent to the second quarter of Fiscal 2010 which was offset by the amortization run-out for certain intangible assets.

Operating income

As a result of the foregoing, Operating income for 2QYTD11 was \$46,420, or 8.7% of revenues, an increase of \$16,326 compared to Operating income for 2QYTD10 of \$30,094, or 6.4% of revenues.

Interest expense (income), net

Net interest expense for 2QYTD11 was \$3,432, or 0.6% of revenues, compared to net interest expense for 2QYTD10 of \$4,740, or 1.0% of revenues. The Company’s interest-rate swaps contributed a gain of \$846 and a loss of \$177 for 2QYTD11 and 2QYTD10, respectively, due to the change in fair value. Excluding the effect of the interest-rate swaps, net interest expense would have decreased \$285 from \$4,563, or 1.0% of revenues, to \$4,278, or 0.8% of revenues. This decrease in net interest expense is due to decreases in the weighted-average interest rate from 1.5% for 2QYTD10 to 1.3% for 2QYTD11 and in the weighted-average outstanding debt from \$249,113 for 2QYTD10 to \$222,595 for 2QYTD11. The decrease in the weighted-average interest rate is due primarily to the overall decline in short-term interest rates.

Provision for income taxes

The tax provision for 2QYTD11 was \$16,359, an effective tax rate of 38.0%. This compares to the tax provision for 2QYTD10 of \$9,593, an effective tax rate of 37.5%. The tax rate for 2QYTD11 was higher than 2QYTD10 due to changes in the overall mix of taxable income among worldwide offices, foreign currency exchange effects on previously-taxed income and reductions in uncertain income tax positions (including interest and penalties). The Company anticipates that its deferred tax asset is realizable in the foreseeable future.

Net income

As a result of the foregoing, Net income for 2QYTD11 was \$26,694, or 5.0% of revenues, compared to Net income for 2QYTD10 of \$15,988, or 3.4% of revenues.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities during 2QYTD11 was \$8,139. Significant factors contributing to the source of cash were: net income of \$26,694 inclusive of non-cash charges of \$9,296 and \$5,506 for amortization / depreciation expense and stock compensation expense, respectively, as well as increases in trade accounts payable of \$4,168, billings in excess of costs of \$5,078 and accrued taxes of \$5,244. Significant factors contributing to a use of cash include increases in trade accounts receivable, net inventory and costs in excess of billings of \$14,103, \$1,757 and \$17,085, respectively, primarily due to increased business activity during 2QYTD11, as well as decreases in accrued compensation and benefits of \$5,068 and other liabilities of \$3,701 and an increase in other current assets of \$4,879. The increase in costs in excess of billings reflects additional large contracts where contract billing terms do not necessarily coincide with percentage-of-completion revenue recognition. It should be noted that the increase in costs in excess of billings represents revenue growth and not a delay in the collection of working capital. Changes in the above accounts are based on average Fiscal 2011 exchange rates.

Net cash provided by operating activities during 2QYTD10 was \$30,549. Significant factors contributing to the source of cash were: net income of \$15,988 inclusive of non-cash charges of \$10,112 and \$3,279 for amortization / depreciation expense and stock compensation expense, respectively, as well as decreases in net inventory of \$3,624, net trade accounts receivable of \$23,064 and an increase in accrued expenses of \$3,457. Significant factors contributing to a use of cash include decreases in billings in excess of costs, restructuring reserves, accrued compensation and benefits and trade accounts payable of \$7,220, \$4,737, \$5,162 and \$3,821, respectively, and an increase in costs in excess of billings of \$13,733. Changes in the above accounts are based on average Fiscal 2010 exchange rates.

As of September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$20,220 and \$23,785, respectively, working capital of \$160,153 and \$126,845, respectively, and a current ratio of 1.8 and 1.6, respectively.

The Company believes that its cash provided by operating activities and availability under its credit facility will be sufficient to fund the Company's working capital requirements, capital expenditures, dividend program, potential stock repurchases, potential future acquisitions or strategic investments and other cash needs for the next 12 months.

Investing Activities

Net cash used by investing activities during 2QYTD11 was \$3,523. Significant factors contributing to the cash outflow were: \$1,885 for gross capital expenditures and \$1,683 for holdbacks and contingent fee payments related to prior period acquisitions.

Net cash used by investing activities during 2QYTD10 was \$2,235. Significant factors contributing to the cash outflow were: \$1,305 for holdbacks and contingent fee payments related to prior period acquisitions and \$1,033 for gross capital expenditures.

Financing Activities

Net cash used by financing activities during 2QYTD11 was \$6,268. Significant factors contributing to the cash outflow were \$2,109 for the payment of dividends and \$3,957 of net payments on long-term debt.

Net cash used by financing activities during 2QYTD10 was \$29,097. Significant factors contributing to the cash outflow were \$26,993 of net payments on long-term debt and \$2,104 for the payment of dividends.

Total Debt

Revolving Credit Agreement – On January 30, 2008, the Company entered into a Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of January 30, 2008 (the "Credit Agreement") with Citizens Bank of Pennsylvania, as agent, and a group of lenders. The Credit Agreement expires on January 30, 2013. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement are permitted up to a maximum amount of \$350,000, which includes up to \$20,000 of swing-line loans and \$25,000 of letters of credit. The Credit Agreement may be increased by the Company up to an additional \$100,000 with the approval of the lenders and may be unilaterally and permanently reduced by the Company to not less than the then outstanding amount of all borrowings. Interest on outstanding indebtedness under the Credit Agreement accrues, at the Company's option, at a rate based on either: (a) the greater of (i) the prime rate per annum of the agent then in effect and (ii) 0.50% plus the rate per annum announced by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as being the weighted-average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions arranged by Federal funds brokers on the previous trading day or (b) a rate per annum equal to the LIBOR rate plus 0.50% to 1.125% (determined by a leverage ratio based on the Company's consolidated Earnings Before Interest Taxes Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA")). The Credit Agreement requires the Company to maintain compliance with certain non-financial and financial covenants such as leverage and fixed-charge coverage ratios. As of September 30, 2010, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants under the Credit Agreement.

As of September 30, 2010, the Company had total debt outstanding of \$207,998. Total debt was comprised of \$206,415 outstanding under the Credit Agreement and \$1,583 of obligations under capital leases. The maximum amount of debt outstanding under the Credit Agreement, the weighted-average balance outstanding under the Credit Agreement and the weighted-average interest rate on all outstanding debt for the three (3) months ended September 30, 2010 was \$237,255, \$225,510 and 1.3%, respectively, compared to \$251,095, \$243,393 and 1.4%, respectively, for the three (3) months ended September 30, 2009. The maximum amount of debt outstanding under the Credit Agreement, the weighted-average balance outstanding under the Credit Agreement and the weighted-average interest rate on all outstanding debt for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2010 was \$237,255, \$222,595 and 1.3%, respectively, compared to \$261,750, \$249,113 and 1.5%, respectively, for the six (6) months ended September 30, 2009.

As of September 30, 2010, the Company had \$4,636 outstanding in letters of credit and \$138,948 in unused commitments under the Credit Agreement.

Dividends

Fiscal 2011

2Q11 - The Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") declared a cash dividend of \$0.06 per share on all outstanding shares of the common stock. The dividend totaled \$1,057 and was paid on October 15, 2010 to stockholders of record at the close of business on October 1, 2010.

1Q11 - The Board declared a cash dividend of \$0.06 per share on all outstanding shares of the common stock. The dividend totaled \$1,056 and was paid on July 19, 2010 to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 2, 2010.

Fiscal 2010

2Q10 - The Board declared a cash dividend of \$0.06 per share on all outstanding shares of the common stock. The dividend totaled \$1,053 and was paid on October 9, 2009 to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 25, 2009.

1Q10 - The Board declared a cash dividend of \$0.06 per share on all outstanding shares of the common stock. The dividend totaled \$1,052 and was paid on July 10, 2009 to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 26, 2009.

While the Company expects to continue to declare quarterly dividends, the payment of future dividends is at the discretion of the Board and the timing and amount of any future dividends will depend upon earnings, cash requirements and financial condition of the Company. Under the Credit Agreement, the Company is permitted to make any distribution or dividend as long as no Event of Default or Potential Default (each as defined in the Credit Agreement) occurs or is continuing.

Repurchase of Common Stock

Fiscal 2011

There were no repurchases of common stock during the three (3) and six (6) months ended September 30, 2010. During such period, the Company made tax payments of \$482 and withheld 16,488 shares of common stock, which were designated as treasury shares, for an average price per share of \$29.26, related to share withholding to satisfy income taxes due as a result of the vesting in May 2010 of certain restricted stock units.

Fiscal 2010

There were no repurchases of common stock during Fiscal 2010.

Since the inception of the repurchase program in April 1999 through September 30, 2010, the Company has repurchased 7,626,195 shares of common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$323,095, or an average purchase price per share of \$42.37. These shares do not include the treasury shares withheld for tax payments resulting from the vesting in May 2010 of certain restricted stock units. As of September 30, 2010, 873,805 shares were available under repurchase programs approved by the Board. Additional repurchases of common stock may occur from time to time depending upon factors such as the Company's cash flows and general market conditions. While the Company expects to continue to repurchase shares of common stock for the foreseeable future, there can be no assurance as to the timing or amount of such repurchases. Under the Credit Agreement, the Company is permitted to repurchase its common stock as long as no Event of Default or Potential Default (each as defined in the Credit Agreement) occurs or is continuing, the leverage ratio (after taking into consideration the payment made to repurchase such common stock) would not exceed 2.75 to 1.0 and the availability to borrow under the Credit Facility would not be less than \$20,000.

Legal Proceedings

See the matter discussed in Note 15 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Form 10-Q"), which information is incorporated herein by reference.

Inflation

The overall effects of inflation on the Company have been nominal. Although long-term inflation rates are difficult to predict, the Company continues to strive to minimize the effect of inflation through improved productivity and cost reduction programs as well as price adjustments within the constraints of market competition.

Valuation of Goodwill

Since September 26, 2009 (the date of the Company's most recent annual goodwill impairment assessment), the Company's stock market capitalization has been lower than its net book value. However, each of the Company's reporting units continues to operate profitably and generate significant cash flow from operations, and the Company expects that each will continue to do so throughout the remainder of Fiscal 2011 and beyond. In addition, the Company believes that a reasonable potential buyer would offer a control premium for the business that would adequately cover the difference between the recent stock trading prices and the book value.

Critical Accounting Policies/ Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Critical Accounting Policies

The Company's critical accounting policies require the most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain and are the most important to the portrayal of the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company's critical accounting policies are disclosed in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of the Form 10-K. There have been no changes to the Company's critical accounting policies during the three (3) and six (6) months ended September 30, 2010.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of recently-issued accounting standards and the related impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Cautionary Forward Looking Statements

When included in this Form 10-Q or in documents incorporated herein by reference, the words "should," "expects," "intends," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "approximates," "targets," "plans" and analogous expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. One can also identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Such statements are inherently subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Although it is not possible to predict or identify all risk factors, such risks and uncertainties may include, among others, levels of business activity and operating expenses, expenses relating to corporate compliance requirements, cash flows, global economic and business conditions, successful integration of acquisitions, the timing and costs of restructuring programs, successful marketing of DVH services, successful implementation of the Company's M&A program, including identifying appropriate targets, consummating transactions and successfully integrating the businesses, successful implementation of the Company's government contracting programs, competition, changes in foreign, political and economic conditions, fluctuating foreign currencies compared to the U.S. dollar, rapid changes in technologies, client preferences, the Company's arrangements with suppliers of voice equipment and technology and various other matters, many of which are beyond the Company's control. Additional risk factors are included in the Form 10-K. These forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and speak only as of the date of this Form 10-Q. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or any changes in the Company's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any statement is based.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The Company is exposed to market risks in the ordinary course of business that include interest-rate volatility and foreign currency exchange rates volatility. Market risk is measured as the potential negative impact on earnings, cash flows or fair values resulting from a hypothetical change in interest rates or foreign currency exchange rates over the next year. The Company does not hold or issue any other financial derivative instruments (other than those specifically noted below) nor does it engage in speculative trading of financial derivatives.

Interest-rate Risk

The Company's primary interest-rate risk relates to its long-term debt obligations. As of September 30, 2010, the Company had total long-term obligations of \$206,415 under the Credit Agreement. Of the outstanding debt, \$150,000 was in variable rate debt that was effectively converted to a fixed rate through multiple interest-rate swap agreements (discussed in more detail below) and \$56,415 was in variable rate obligations. As of September 30, 2010, an instantaneous 100 basis point increase in the interest rate of the variable rate debt would reduce the Company's net income in the subsequent fiscal quarter by \$139 (\$86 net of tax) assuming the Company employed no intervention strategies.

To mitigate the risk of interest-rate fluctuations associated with the Company's variable rate long-term debt, the Company has implemented an interest-rate risk management strategy that incorporates the use of derivative instruments to minimize significant unplanned fluctuations in earnings caused by interest-rate volatility. The Company's goal is to manage interest-rate sensitivity by modifying the re-pricing characteristics of certain balance sheet liabilities so that the net-interest margin is not, on a material basis, adversely affected by the movements in interest rates.

On July 26, 2006, the Company entered into a five-year floating-to-fixed interest-rate swap that is based on a 3-month LIBOR rate versus a 5.44% fixed rate, has a notional value of \$100,000 (which reduced to \$50,000 as of June 26, 2009) and does not qualify for hedge accounting. On June 15, 2009, the Company entered into a three-year floating-to-fixed interest-rate swap that is based on a 3-month LIBOR rate versus a 2.28% fixed rate, has a notional value of \$100,000 reducing to \$50,000 after two years and does not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair market value of the interest-rate swap are recorded as an asset or liability within the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets and Interest expense (income) within the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income.

Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

The Company has operations, clients and suppliers worldwide, thereby exposing the Company's financial results to foreign currency fluctuations. In an effort to reduce this risk of foreign currency fluctuations, the Company generally sells and purchases inventory based on prices denominated in U.S. dollars. Intercompany sales to subsidiaries are generally denominated in the subsidiaries' local currency. The Company has entered and will continue in the future, on a selective basis, to enter into foreign currency contracts to reduce the foreign currency exposure related to certain intercompany transactions, primarily trade receivables and loans. All of the foreign currency contracts have been designated and qualify as cash flow hedges. The effective portion of any changes in the fair value of the derivative instruments is recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI") until the hedged forecasted transaction occurs or the recognized currency transaction affects earnings. Once the forecasted transaction occurs or the recognized currency transaction affects earnings, the effective portion of any related gains or losses on the cash flow hedge is reclassified from AOCI to the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income. In the event it becomes probable that the hedged forecasted transaction will not occur, the ineffective portion of any gain or loss on the related cash flow hedge would be reclassified from AOCI to the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income.

As of September 30, 2010, the Company had open foreign currency contracts in Australian and Canadian dollars, Danish krone, Euros, Mexican pesos, Norwegian kroner, British pounds sterling, Swedish krona, Swiss francs and Japanese yen. The open contracts have contract rates ranging from 1.05 to 1.23 Australian dollar, 1.01 to 1.08 Canadian dollar, 5.52 to 6.21 Danish krone, 0.69 to 0.83 Euro, 12.66 to 12.66 Mexican peso, 5.68 to 6.60 Norwegian kroner, 0.62 to 0.68 British pound sterling, 6.84 to 7.97 Swedish krona, 1.03 to 1.17 Swiss franc and 93.10 to 93.10 Japanese yen, all per U.S. dollar. The total open contracts had a notional amount of \$81,379 and will expire within ten (10) months.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Conclusions Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) for the Company. Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2010. Based upon this assessment, Management has concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2010 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports filed or submitted by it under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in such reports is accumulated and communicated to Management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The SEC's general guidance permits the exclusion of an assessment of the effectiveness of a registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as they relate to its internal control over financial reporting for an acquired business during the first year following such acquisition if, among other circumstances and factors, there is not adequate time between the acquisition date and the date of assessment. As previously noted in this Form 10-Q, Black Box completed the acquisition of Quanta during Fiscal 2010. Quanta represents approximately 0.7% of the Company's total assets as of September 30, 2010. Management's assessment and conclusion on the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2010 excludes an assessment of the internal control over financial reporting of Quanta.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Because of its inherent limitations, the Company's internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. In addition, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
21.1	Subsidiaries of the Registrant ⁽¹⁾
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ⁽¹⁾
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ⁽¹⁾
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ⁽¹⁾

(1) Filed herewith.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BLACK BOX CORPORATION

Dated: November 10, 2010

/s/ Michael McAndrew

Michael McAndrew, Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer,
Secretary and Principal Accounting Officer

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(1) Filed herewith.

SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

Legal Name	Doing Business As	State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization
Black Box Corporation	Black Box Corporation	Delaware
ACS Communications, Inc.	ACS Communications, Inc.	Texas
ACS Dataline of the Northwest, Inc.	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — West	Oregon
ACS Investors, LLC	ACS Investors, LLC	Delaware
ACS Dataline, LP	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — West	Texas
ACS Partners, LLC	ACS Partners, LLC	Texas
ADS Telecom, Inc.	Black Box Network Services	Florida
B & C Telephone, Inc.	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — Spokane	Washington
BBox Holding Company	BBox Holding Company	Delaware
Advanced Communications Corporation	Black Box Network Services — South Carolina	South Carolina
Advanced Network Technologies, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — California	California
American Telephone Wiring Company	Black Box Network Services — West Virginia Operations	West Virginia
Atimco Network Services, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — Western Pennsylvania Operations	Pennsylvania
Black Box Corporation of Pennsylvania	Black Box Network Services	Delaware
BB Technologies, Inc.	BB Technologies, Inc.	Delaware
Black Box A/S	Black Box A/S	Denmark
Black Box Canada Corporation	Black Box Canada Corporation	Canada
Black Box Comunicaciones, S.A.	Black Box Comunicaciones, S.A.	Spain
Black Box Datacom B.V.	Black Box Datacom B.V.	Netherlands

<u>Legal Name</u>	<u>Doing Business As</u>	<u>State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization</u>
Black Box Deutschland GmbH	Black Box Deutschland GmbH	Germany
Black Box Netzwerk Service GmbH	Black Box Netzwerk Service GmbH	Germany
Black Box do Brasil Industria e Comercio Ltda.	Black Box do Brasil Industria e Comercio Ltda.	Brazil
Black Box France	Black Box France	France
Black Box GmbH	Black Box GmbH	Austria
Black Box Holdings Australia Pty. Ltd.	Black Box Holdings Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia
Black Box Italia S.r.l.	Black Box Italia S.r.l.	Italy
Black Box Network Products NV	Black Box Network Products NV	Belgium
Black Box Network Cabling NV	Black Box Network Cabling NV	Belgium
Black Box Network Design NV	Black Box Network Design NV	Belgium
Black Box Network Services AG	Black Box Network Services AG	Switzerland
Black Box Network Services Australia Pty Ltd	Black Box Network Services Australia Pty Ltd	Australia
Black Box Network Services New Zealand Limited	Black Box Network Services New Zealand Limited	New Zealand
Black Box Network Services Kabushiki Kaisha	Black Box Network Services Kabushiki Kaisha	Japan
Black Box Network Services (UK) Limited	Black Box Network Services (UK) Limited Black Box Network Services (UK) Limited — Northern Ireland	England
Black Box P.R. Corp.	Black Box P.R. Corp.	Puerto Rico
Black Box Network and Electrical Services, Inc.	Black Box Network and Electrical Services, Inc. Allcom Electric	New York
Black Box Network Services, Inc. — Government Solutions	Black Box Network Services, Inc. — Government Solutions	Tennessee

<u>Legal Name</u>	<u>Doing Business As</u>	<u>State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization</u>
Cable Consultants, Incorporated	Black Box Network Services — Atlanta	Georgia
Comm Line, Inc.	Black Box Network Services	Ohio
Communication Contractors, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — Chicago	Illinois
Datel Communications, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — Arizona	Arizona
Delaney Telecom, Inc.	Black Box Network Services	Pennsylvania
DESIGNet, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — San Jose	California
Integrated Cabling Systems, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — Nebraska	Nebraska
Jet Line Communications, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — Dallas	Texas
BBC Acquisition, LLC	BBC Acquisition, LLC	Texas
FBS Communications, L.P.	Black Box Network Services — San Antonio	Texas
K & A Communications, Inc.	Black Box Network Services	Missouri
Koncepts Communications of L.I., Corp.	Black Box Network Services — Tristate Operations	New York
LOGOS Communications Systems, Inc.	LOGOS Communications Systems, Inc.	Ohio
Michael Electric, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — New Jersey	New Jersey
Midwest Communications Technologies, Inc.	Black Box Network Services	Ohio
Midwest Electronics and Communications, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — Denver Operations	Colorado
R & D Services, Inc.	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — New England	Massachusetts
Teldata Corporation	Black Box Network Services — Tennessee	Tennessee
Telefuture Communications Ltd.	Black Box Network Services — New Rochelle Office	New York
Todd Communications, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — North Carolina	North Carolina
U.S. Premise Networking Services, Inc.	Black Box Network Services — MN	Minnesota
Black Box AB	Black Box AB	Sweden
Black Box Chile S.A.	Black Box Chile S.A.	Chile

<u>Legal Name</u>	<u>Doing Business As</u>	<u>State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization</u>
Black Box de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Black Box de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Black Box Finland OY	Black Box Finland OY	Finland
Black Box Network Services AB	Black Box Network Services AB	Sweden
Black Box Network Services Corporation	Black Box Network Services Corporation	Taiwan
Black Box Network Services (Dublin) Limited	Black Box Network Services (Dublin) Limited	Ireland
Black Box Network Services Puebla S.A. de C.V.	Black Box Network Services Puebla S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Black Box Network Services S.r.l.	Black Box Network Services S.r.l.	Italy
Black Box Network Services SDN. BHD.	Black Box Network Services SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
Black Box Network Services Singapore Pte Ltd.	Black Box Network Services Singapore Pte Ltd.	Singapore
Black Box Norge AS	Black Box Norge AS	Norway
Black Box Services Reseaux Mediterranee	Black Box Services Reseaux Mediterranee	France
CBS Technologies Corp.	Black Box Network Services	New York
Consultoria en Redes, S.A. de C.V.	Consultoria en Redes, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
J.C. Informatica Integral, S.A. de C.V.	J.C. Informatica Integral, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Lanetwork Sales Ltd.	Lanetwork Sales Ltd.	Canada
Mutual Telecom Services Inc.	Black Box Network Services	Delaware
Network Communications Technologies, Inc.	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — Charlotte	North Carolina
Norstan, Inc.	Black Box Network Services	Minnesota
Norstan Canada Inc.	Norstan Canada Inc.	Minnesota
Norstan Canada, Ltd./Norstan Canada, Ltee	Black Box Network Services	Canada
Norstan Communications, Inc.	Black Box Network Services	Minnesota

<u>Legal Name</u>	<u>Doing Business As</u>	<u>State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization</u>
NextiraOne, LLC	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — Illinois Black Box Network Services — Midwest Black Box Network Services — Northeast Black Box Network Services — Northwest Black Box Network Services — South	Delaware
Data Communications 2000, Inc.	Data Communications 2000, Inc.	California
Milgo Holdings Canada, LLC	Milgo Holdings Canada, LLC	Delaware
NextiraOne Canada ULC	NextiraOne Canada ULC	Canada
NextiraOne California L.P.	NextiraOne California L.P.	California
NXO Installation, LLC	NXO Installation, LLC	Delaware
NextiraOne Federal, LLC	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — Federal	Delaware
Quanta Systems, LLC	Quanta Systems, LLC	Delaware
NextiraOne New York, LLC	Black Box Network Services	Delaware
Vibes Technologies, Inc.	Black Box Resale Services	Minnesota
Norstan Financial Services, Inc.	Norstan Financial Services, Inc.	Minnesota
Norstan International, Inc.	Norstan International, Inc.	Minnesota
Nortech Telecommunications Inc.	Black Box Network Services — Elk Grove	Illinois
Nu-Vision Technologies, Inc.	Black Box Network Services	New York
Nu-Vision Technologies, LLC	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — Oregon	New York
BCS II, LLC	BCS II, LLC	Delaware
Scottel Voice & Data, Inc.	Black Box Network Services Black Box Network Services — Pacific	California
UCI Communications LLC	Black Box Network Services	South Carolina

CERTIFICATION

I, R. Terry Blakemore, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Black Box Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 10, 2010

/s/ R. Terry Blakemore

R. Terry Blakemore
President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Michael McAndrew, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Black Box Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 10, 2010

/s/ Michael McAndrew

Michael McAndrew
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,
Treasurer and Secretary (Principal Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Black Box Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 2, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, certifies that to his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ R. Terry Blakemore _____

R. Terry Blakemore
President and Chief Executive Officer
November 10, 2010

/s/ Michael McAndrew _____

Michael McAndrew
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,
Treasurer and Secretary (Principal Accounting Officer)
November 10, 2010

This certification is made solely for purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, subject to the knowledge standard contained therein, and not for any other purpose.